

# The Fresno Morning Republican.

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FRESNO, CALIFORNIA, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1897.

PRICE—5 CENTS.

## SHOT DEAD IN HIS TRACKS

The U. S. District Attorney of Nevada.

A Lad of 16 Fired the Fatal Shot.

Believing His Father's Life to Be in Danger the Youth Did Not Hesitate.

CARSON, November 9.—The entire state of Nevada has been startled and shocked at the murder, late this afternoon, of Charles A. Jones, United States district attorney, by Julian Guinan, the 16-year-old son of a well-known physician. The prominence of all connected with the affair, the peculiar attendant circumstances and the suddenness of the tragedy make it one of the most sensational happenings in the history of Nevada.

Jones' death was caused by a bullet wound in the head and for a time mystery surrounded every circumstance connected with the killing. At first it was supposed that Jones had committed suicide, but no weapon being found in his possession nor near the scene of shooting, it became evident that his death had been caused by another and an hour later young Guinan voluntarily surrendered himself to the sheriff's office and confessed to the homicide.

The statement of the youth who is now in jail, is to the effect that immediately prior to the shooting he had observed his sister talking to Jones, with whom his father had forbidden her to speak. He saw Guinan approaching, believing trouble to be inevitable when the two men should meet, the boy procured a Winchester rifle and stationed himself at a window for the purpose, as he says of protecting his father. Upon entering Dr. Guinan said to Jones: "This is the last time I shall ever warn you against keeping company with my daughter."

Jones feared at the doctor in comment upon this warning, and slipped his hand into his right pocket. Julian states that having often heard his father threaten to kill Jones and having been informed that the district attorney always carried a revolver, which he believed from Jones' own admission was about to be drawn, the boy fired at Jones in anticipation of an attack upon his father.

Jones fell forward, dead. The bullet from the rifle entered above his right eye and passed out at the neck behind.

Miss Guinan, seeing Jones fall, threw herself upon him and embraced the dead body.

When the coroner took charge of the remains Jones' hand was still in his pocket, but no weapon was found.

The dead attorney was about 31 years of age, married, and leaves a widow and child at his home in Reno, Nev., whence he came this morning on official business. He was necessarily at Carson much of the time, and while here his attentions to Miss Guinan occasioned so much talk that Dr. Guinan had been aggravated into making threats against Jones, which indirectly led to the murder by the doctor's son.

Jones had served as district attorney during one of the most stormy criminal sessions ever held in the United States court in Nevada, rendered notable by the prosecution and conviction of those concerned in the robberies at the United States mint.

Ambushed by Tribesmen.

SUN., November 9.—The report that a native officer and thirty-five Sikhs belonging to the Kurram column had been intercepted by the tribesmen in a ravine and slaughtered, is officially confirmed. It appears that they were assisting in a reconnaissance up the Kurram river. Taking a short cut down hill they came to a ravine where the grass of the jungle was burning. The flames spread so rapidly as to completely eat off their retreat, and the tribesmen, seeing their predicament, swarmed on the higher ground, hurled down rocks upon them and closed around the men until the whole thirty-six were shot or cut down. The Sikhs fought heroically until the very last, their officer killing two rebel chiefs with his own hands before he fell.

Fatal Accident to a Rancher.

SAN RAFAEL, November 9.—Richard Cornell, a rancher living near Novato, today met with what may prove to be a fatal accident. He was driving along the Novato road with a load of grain, when he noticed one of the sacks slipping from its position. In attempting to replace it, he slipped and fell to the ground, the wheels passing over his body. The horse became frightened and ran away and one of them was severely injured that it had to be shot.

His Last "Take."

LOS ANGELES, November 9.—Frank Wilson, a printer, committed suicide this morning at Alhambra by shooting himself through the head. Wilson had been drinking freely, which is the only known cause for the act.

### PROTECTION AND LABOR.

A General Advance in Wages for Ohio Furnace Men.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, November 9.—The employees at the Andrew Bros. Company's furnaces have been given notice of a 10 per cent advance in wages to go into effect on December 1st.

Other blast furnace companies will soon advance the wages of their men.

### Union Pacific Finances.

WASHINGTON, November 9.—The Union Pacific reorganization committee have arranged with the treasury department for the transfer to them of the bonds in the sinking fund and the cash payment thereon, on the 23d of the present month. These bonds, which were purchased at their face value by the committee at the time of the sale of the road, amount to \$13,645,250, and this amount in cash, which will be converted into the treasury, will increase the available cash balance to approximately \$218,000,000. The available balance in the treasury today, exclusive of gold, was \$50,000,861.

### Nearly Electrocuted.

SANTA ROSA, November 9.—Christopher Hubman, engineer of the Merchant's Lighting Company's plant, narrowly escaped death this evening. In some unaccountable manner one of his hands completed the circuit between two electric brushes, 1000 volts passing through his body. He did not lose consciousness until after he had released himself, when he sank to the floor. Medical aid was summoned and a little later he was able to walk. He is in a precarious condition.

### Important Railroad Deal.

PHOENIX, Ariz., November 9.—A deed of trust from the Santa Fe Pacific railroad to the Union Trust Company of New York was filed for record here today. The document involves \$16,000,000 and includes the railroad and telegraph lines belonging to the railroad company beginning at Albuquerque and extending to Needles, together with all rolling stock and improvements. The instrument is dated July 15th, 1897.

### LAURIER ARRIVES

The Canadian Premier and His Mission.

He Will Make a Call of Courtesy on President McKinley Today.

### WASHINGTON, November 9.—General Foster and Sir Julian Pauncefote's conference today as to the arrangements for the meeting of British, Canadian and American representatives relative to the Bahrin sea controversy. A general understanding was reached that the arrival today of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Canadian premier, and party would permit the meeting to open on Thursday, as tomorrow is likely to be given to an exchange of views between the Canadians and British.

The British ambassador will accompany the premier to the White House tomorrow morning and introduce him to the President. This will be a call of courtesy, however, and it is not expected that any of the pending questions will be referred to. The British embassy has extended an invitation to Sir Wilfrid Laurier to be a guest during his stay here, but he has determined to remain with the other Canadian representatives at the Sherman where headquarters have been engaged.

It is now definitely settled that the coming meeting will take a much broader scope than was first anticipated.

At the outset there will be a comparison of notes between the two experts, Mr. Hamlin for the United States, Professor Thomson for Great Britain and Professor Macoun for Canada. The Canadian premier and Sir Louis Davies, Sir Julian Pauncefote and General Foster will be present in an unofficial capacity, ready to take up the larger phases of the question when the real experts have concluded their exchange of technical information.

It is said the relations existing between Great Britain and Canada make it essential that all questions of an imperial character shall be concluded by the direct representatives of the imperial government. At the same time the presence of the Canadian premier is expected to assist in reaching speedy conclusions without the usual delays of acting through the British foreign office.

The formal execution of these conclusions would devolve entirely on the imperial authorities in London and their representative here, the British ambassador.

It was said at the state department that the first object would be to reach a settlement on the Bahrin sea question,

and with that out of the way there would be every disposition to favorably conference on border immigration, Canadian-American interests in the Klondike, reciprocity and the other questions which Sir Wilfrid and his associates regard as paramount to the Bahrin sea issue.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier and party arrived here at 4 o'clock today and took quarters at the Sherman. The members of the party are: Sir Wilfrid and Lady Laurier, Sir Louis and Lady Davies, Miss Ethel Davies, Professor J. M. Macoun, J. R. Benning, Mr. R. Boudier and Mr. E. B. Williams. Sir Wilfrid asked to be excused to all interviewers.

During the evening Professor Thomson, the British seal expert, called on the premier and his associates. The British ambassador and his staff will call tomorrow, and at 11 o'clock the ambassador will escort Sir Wilfrid and Sir Louis to the White House for a call of courtesy.

ROYAL makes the best pure, wholesome and delicious.

### Non-Catholic Marriages.

### LIMA, Peru, via Galveston, November 9.—Today the ministers of the United States, Great Britain and Germany addressed a collective note to the government asking that a bill for legalization of non-Catholic marriages be included among the measures to be named by President Pinochet when convoking the extraordinary session of congress.

### The Nashville All Right.

### WASHINGTON, November 9.—The members of the naval trial board just returned to Washington in the rear trial of the gunboat *Nashville* make a favorable report on the good qualities of the vessel and particularly of her sailing qualities.

### Killed by His Uncle.

SONOMA, Cal., November 9.—As the result of a family feud, Frank Gross of Tuttibtown, today shot and killed his nephew, J. F. Gross, better known as "Little Frank."

## SOUND MONEY IS THEIR CRY

### Meeting of the National League.

### International Bimetallism Declared to Be Dead.

### The Monetary System of the United States Must Rest on the Single Gold Standard.

### New York, November 9.—The semi-annual meeting of the executive committee of the National Sound Money League was begun here today. There were present President George E. Leigh of St. Louis, General Secretary E. V. Smalley, Henry Villard, Gustav J. Schwab, J. K. Kennedy Todd, H. E. Robinson, Edwin Burrl Smith, J. K. Cowan, M. E. Ingalls, J. W. Norwood, W. C. Gorrell and Treasurer A. B. Hepburn.

General Secretary Smalley, in his report on the work of the league, said that there was lodged to its credit in a bank at Chicago a balance of \$100,000 over and above all expenditures. Treasurer Hepburn reported that the total amount is bank up to the present time to the credit of the league was \$10,663. A donation of \$500 to the Indianapolis Money League was granted without dissent.

General Secretary Smalley read a communication received from M. C. George, vice president for Oregon, who wrote that he was with the league in all the great questions relating to the currency and realized the necessity for aggressive work. As to the state, in many places the league would find it honeycombed with financial ignorance and error.

On motion of H. P. Robinson of Chicago it was resolved that a committee be appointed to receive and consider the report of the monetary commission when it is made, and to call a meeting of the executive commission it is considered necessary that action be taken thereon.

A committee, comprising Louis R. Earle, Mr. Leighton, Secretary Smalley, Gustav H. Schwab and William C. Cornwall, was appointed to prepare a declaration on international bimetallism to the effect that bimetallism is dead and that gold should be the standard of the country.

When the committee resumed its session Louis R. Earle of Colorado Springs, chairman of one of the subcommittees, read the following address: "The executive committee of the National Sound Money League in behalf of its members throughout the United States, issued the following address:

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# WHAVERS TO BE RELIEVED

The Thrasher to Start For the Arctic.

Not a Day Will Be Lost in Preparations.

The Three Hundred Men Now Ice-Bound Off Point Barrow Will Be Rescued.

WASHINGTON, November 9.—The cabin today gave considerable attention to the ice-bound Behring sea whale fleet. Two plans have been decided upon, one to send the Bear from Seattle, which cannot be got ready for two weeks, and another to send the Thrasher, the whaling vessel now at San Francisco.

This latter determination was reached after the receipt of a telegram by Secretary Long from the commandant of Mare Island navy yard. The Thrasher can be provisioned at once and sent immediately on her mission. It is stated that there is a very good supply of provisions at Point Barrow and another supply at Herschel Island, and at least three vessels well supplied with provisions will winter in the Arctic.

The information laid before the cabinet today as a basis for its action in the matter of relieving whalers was contained in the following telegram:

MARE ISLAND, November 8.

Secretary of Navy, Washington, D.C.:—Captain Barker reports as follows: "Captain Devall of whaling steamer Orca, Freeman, Belvedere and Rosario were at Point Barrow on September 13th with about 180 men. These are now probably closed in by ice near that place. The whaling steamer Newport, Fearless, Jeannine and Wanderer were at Herschel Island with 110 men. All the above vessels expected to return this fall and had only about three months' ration."

"Besides above shipments there were several vessels at Herschel provisioned for one year and two and three years prepared to stay in the Arctic and intending to sail soon for the vicinity of the mouth of the Copper Mine river to winter. Captain Devall says there are about 400 barrels of flour at Point Barrow. He does not think there will be any starving among whalers this winter, though they may be on greatly reduced rations."

Lieutenant Stoney's plan seems advisable to send bear or steam whaler Thrasher now at San Francisco with provisions, medicine and clothing, 300 men, for a year to Port Clarence or Norton Sound as soon as possible. Reindeer at Port Clarence to pack provisions to Point Barrow and food supplies, following shore line and keeping lookout for whalers. The plan requires four officers, one being surgeon, and four men for the navy.

Chances of success regarded as slight and every day's delay will add to difficulties. Any vessel going should sail earliest possible moment. San Francisco best point to secure necessary outfit and to sail from. Whaler Thrasher ready for sea and in good order, can be chartered now. The widest discretion must be given commanding officer of expedition in the securing of the crew and supplies, including reindeer and dogs. (Signed) KIRKLAND, Commandant.

California Fruit Sales. OAKLAND, November 9.—The Earl Fruit Company sold today:

Grapes—Tokyo, single crates, 45 to 50¢, average 47¢; double crates \$1.16; Emperor, single crates, 90¢ to \$1.10, average 93¢; Cornichon \$1.

New York, November 9.—The Earl Fruit Company sold today:

Tokyo—single crates, 70¢ to \$1.55, average 90¢; Emperor \$1.16 to \$1.55, average \$1.35; Muscats \$1.50 to \$2.00, average \$1.65; Pera \$1.05; Cornichon \$1.35 to \$1.70, average \$1.37; double crates \$2.35 to \$2.75, average \$2.60; White Tokay, double crates, \$2.65 to \$3.75, average \$3.00.

Wholesale Naturalization Frauds. PHILADELPHIA, November 9.—John A. Merrick, a clerk in United States Commissioner Bell's office; Richard Merrick, his father, also a clerk in the same office, and Eugene Lindsey, a clerk in the city commissioners' office, were given a hearing today before United States Commissioner Edmunds, charged with issuing fraudulent naturalization papers, and at the conclusion of the hearing they were each held in \$5000 bail. Bail was furnished. Testimony was produced by United States District Attorney Beck tending to show that the accused men have been guilty of wholesale fraud in the issuance of naturalization papers, extending over a period of three or four years.

To Grow Sugar Beets.

SPENCER, November 9.—The farmers of this county are taking considerable interest in the project to grow sugar beets on a portion of their land, and as the result of a meeting held to consider the matter, 1000 acres have been promised for the cultivation of the beets, and S. J. Corcoran has agreed to obtain pledges of 1000 more.

Luetgert's Counsel Withdraws.

CHICAGO, November 9.—Attorney Phalen announced this afternoon that ex-Judge Vincent had withdrawn as counsel in the Luetgert case. A letter has been sent to Luetgert giving him formal notification.

State of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, November 9.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$204,886,405; gold reserve, \$164,863,635.

## SPANISH SUCCESSES.

The New Captain General Gets Down to Work.

HAVANA, November 9.—An official dispatch from Alfonso XIII, province of Matanzas, announces the surrender there to the Spanish authorities of an insurgent force consisting of three officers and fifteen privates, who delivered up thirty carbines. The insurgent officers who have surrendered are Col. Ernesto Leon, Major Gaudeloupe Herrera and Captain Carlos Otero.

It is semi-officially announced that General Maximo Gomez has been attempting to concentrate the insurgent forces near Remedios, the principal northern port of the province of Santa Clara and it is added that he was engaged by a Spanish force, with the result that the insurgents left nine men killed on the field.

Captain General Blanco has issued a circular to the Spanish military commanders in the different provinces of Cuba instructing them to favor the owners of sugar estates by all means in their power, and to encourage those who may be less disposed than others to grind their cane. The captain general is desirous that sugar cane grinding should proceed on a large scale.

Our Trade With Italy.

WASHINGTON, November 9.—Consul General Hector De Castro, at Rome, in a report to the state department says that if business men in the United States would give the same attention to Italy which they do to other countries they could largely increase their trade. He says there were no bidders at the auction for furnishing American tobacco to the government monopoly and the minister of finance sent a representative to New York for the purpose of purchasing tobacco direct in various markets. It seems that besides obtaining leaf of excellent quality the government by this means economized to the extent of \$22,500.

Cheap Light for All.

WASHINGTON, November 9.—Consul Deuster, at Crefeld, Germany, reports to the state department a discovery made there which it is said revolutionizes the methods of illumination. It is an incandescent gas. A single jet of ordinary size can emit a light of much more than 1000 candle power and the price can be had at a distance of 100 feet. The inventor says the cost for a light of 1500 candle power is only 4¢ cents per hour, while the cost of an ordinary electric light of 400 candle power is 14 cents per hour.

A Profitable Industry.

OWENSBORO, Ky., November 9.—A new industry started here today with 100 employees. It is to utilize corn stalks for cellulose for lining battle ships. Materials for making an imitation of silk and for making celluloid are among the products. Paper is another product, and W. W. Gibbs of Philadelphia is president, and the stockholders are easterners.

Fruit and Grain Markets.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 9.—The following are prices furnished by the San Francisco Fruit Exchange. Jobbing: DRIED FRUIT.

New crop—Apricots, carloads, 5@6¢ for Royal; 7@8@9¢ for Moorpark; prunes, four sizes, 2@4@14¢; Black Figs, Jobbing, 2@2@14¢; Raisins, 3@5¢ for 2-crown, 4@6¢ for 3-crown, 5@8¢ for 4-crown, and \$1.16 for London layers; Peaches, 5@7@9¢; Nectarines, 5@6@9¢; pitted plums, 4@5@14¢; pears, 5@6@9¢ for quarters and 6@7@9¢ for halves; grapes, evaporated, 6@7@8@9¢; sun-dried, 3@4@14¢.

Raisins—Jobbing prices: In sacks or 10-lb boxes—Four-crown, loose, 4@6@8¢ per pound; 3-crown, 3@4@6@8¢; Black Figs, 2@2@3@4@14¢; seedless Sultanas, 5@6@8¢; seedless Muscatels, 4@5@14¢. In 20-lb boxes, 3-crown London layers, \$1.16; clusters, \$1.15@1.25; Dishes clusters, \$1.75@2.00; Imperial clusters, \$2.00@2.25.

CALIFORNIA DRIED FRUIT.

NEW YORK, November 9.—California dried fruit, dried.

Evaporated apples, prime wire prime, 9@10¢ per pound; wond dried prime, 9@10¢; choice, 8@9@10¢; fancy, 9@10¢; common apples, 5@6@7@8@9¢.

Prunes—5@6@7@8@9¢ per pound, as to size and quality.

Apricots—Royal, 7@8@9¢; Moorpark, 5@6@7@8@9¢; Peaches—Unpeeled, 7@8@9¢; peach, 11@12¢.

ORANGES.

Wheat—Steady; December, \$1.42@4.

May, \$1.38@4.

Bone—None.

Corn—Large yellow, 97@100@111.

Bran—California, \$16.50@18.00 per ton.

For Engraving and Stamping.

Take your orders to South & Fenton; they have a fine line of society paper and cards.

Prince Bismarck Sued.

BERKSHIRE, November 9.—A man named Lange, who for twenty years has been Prince Bismarck's lead forester in the Sachsenwald, and who was pensioned last summer, has been a suit against the Prince to enforce the payment of an additional pension which the ex-chancellor refused to grant him.

Fatal Family Quarrel.

PHILADELPHIA, November 9.—Charles Golborth, a cigar maker this afternoon shot and fatally wounded his father-in-law, Frederick Fritz, and his son, Frederick Fritz Jr., and then shot himself in the head. It is thought all will die.

Carthar Cured.

A clear head and sweet breath recovered with Shiloh's Carthar Remedy; sold on a guarantee. Nasal injector free. Sold by Webster Bros., druggists, cor. Mariposa and K streets.

J. M. Thirswend, of Granbury, Tex., says that when he has a spell of indigestion, and feels bad and sluggish, he takes two of DeWitt's Little Early Risers at night, and he is all right the next morning. Many thousands of others do the same thing. Do you? Dr. C. Paddock, druggist, 1720 Mariposa street.

Special Notice.

To all troubled with dandruff, itching scalp and falling hair, use Smith's Dandruff Pomade, the only positive remedy.

Never fails to give entire satisfaction.

Beware of druggists not having Smith's Dandruff Pomade in stock, who deceive you by recommending something else.

It is your money each deserves want.

It is an article of merit you want. Insist upon having Smith's Dandruff Pomade and take no other. Every bottle of Smith's Dandruff Pomade is guaranteed to do all that is claimed for it or money refunded. Price, 50 cents all reliable druggists', or Smith Bros' drug store, Fresno, Cal.

Itching Scalp.

Stopped upon one application of Smith's Dandruff Pomade; six applications removes all dandruff; never fails; price, 50 cents at all reliable druggists'.

J. C. Berry, one of the best known citizens of Spencer, Mo., testifies that he cured himself of the worst kind of piles by using a few boxes of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. He had been troubled with piles for over thirty years and had used many different kinds of so-called cures; but DeWitt's was the one that did the work and he will verify this statement if any one wishes to write him. Dr. C. Paddock, druggist, 1720 Mariposa street.

DR. HOBBS SPARAGUS KIDNEY PILLS.

## SALOONS IN THE CITY

County Regulations  
Not Applicable.

## The Municipal Requirements Control.

## Mr. Freeman's Opinion Given the Supervisors—Justice E. H. Tucker's Bill.

The Board of Supervisors transacted considerable business yesterday. All the members were present, and Chairman Mayne presided.

Friday at 2 p.m. was fixed as the time for the appearance before the board of parents of children who are inmates of the county orphanage, to show cause why they should not pay for the maintenance of their offspring.

On motion of Ward the following resolution was passed:

"That hereafter this board allow no claim for telephone or telegraph service other than rent for telephones in county offices, provided, that county officers finding it necessary to use the telegraph or telephone, for county purposes only, will pay the cost thereof, and present to this board for allowance a claim, together with vouchers, showing the same has been paid."

The supervisors spent considerable time in inspecting hills. Ward called attention to a claim from Justice of the Peace F. H. Tucker of Selma, and the board was unanimous in a motion to send for the District Attorney to ascertain if the charge was a legal one. Judge Tucker's bill is for the month of October, and the amount it calls for is \$12. Two days in August Judge Tucker had forty-one vagrants before him, and he charged \$3 for each case, which is the amount allowed by law. But what seemed to puzzle the supervisors was that every one of the vagrants had been "located." The whole drove had been herded into court and notified to leave town.

The arrests had all been made by Constable Spencer and by Deputy William De Lushinian, the defaulting city marshal of Selma. Judge Tucker presented the claim for his October allowance, although the work had been done in August.

The state law provides that a justice's fees shall not exceed \$150 a year, and the limit of \$125 a month, is merely an order of the county board, for the accommodation of all persons concerned. The forty-one cases were surplus for Judge Tucker in August, and he made the claim over for these cases to make up the October deficit.

District Attorney Snow explained that as far as the legality of Justice Tucker's bill was concerned it was proper.

Applications for liquor licenses from the following were granted: Kingsburg—W. J. Basye, W. W. Ward; Sanger—E. Stack, H. M. Hodges, M. Rojano; Firebaugh—Adolphe Picard; White's Bridge—Anton Irberry; Clovis—W. S. Jukine; Fowler—T. B. Craig; Reedley—Pearson & Clark, Mrs. A. C. Strobel; Robert Simpson; Madera—Charles McRae.

The applications were all made in conformity with the requirements of the new license ordinance, which are as follows:

"No person, firm, corporation, club or association shall be issued to him or them, the license required by this section of said ordinance, unless such person, firm, corporation, club or association, be of good moral character, and first obtain permission, as provided herein, by making application in writing to the Board of Supervisors at a meeting thereof, for permission to obtain the license herein required, and shall file with such application a written recommendation, setting forth that the applicant or applicants are persons of good moral character and suitable to conduct such business, and that the proposed place of business is in a suitable and proper locality for conducting the same, which recommendation must be signed by not less than five out of ten of the citizens of the county of Fresno, residing near the place where the applicant or applicants propose to carry on said business, each of whom must be a freeholder or the head of the family, as the term is defined by Section 1261 of the Civil Code of the State of California."

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Any elector of the county may make complaint to the supervisors of any violation of the above requirements, and the board must hear the matter. If the charges are sustained the license for the saloon may be revoked.

Charles Dickey was ordered released from jail on credit. He was sentenced at Selma to serve ninety days for disturbing the peace.

A DOG POISONER.

Several Mount the Loss of Favorite Family Dogs.

Yesterday morning several residents of Fresno discovered that their favorite

family dogs had been poisoned during Monday night. On M. Street, opposite the court house, there were two complaints because of work by the dog poisoner. Mrs. S. E. Daly had a faithful watch dog, and Mrs. Dave Dunbar, a neighbor, also found her dog dead from the effects of poison. "Prince," Surveyor Hoxie's dog, was poisoned on the same night.

HOW BARON GOT OUT.

An Elaborate and Somewhat Startling Explanation.

EDWARD REEVES.—The assertion is made in the morning paper that G. A. Baron was released under the express condition of his raising \$70. Now let it be known that Mr. Baron was released at the suggestion and individuality of the attorney on the other side, consequently Mr. Baron claims a victory so far. Mr. Baron has evidence, both documentary and verbal, which shall prove that he himself is entitled to the decision of divorce. Now, Mr. G. A. Baron the husband of whom is about a divorcee, has been spending his time in the county jail at the pleasure of the law and his attorney. Now comes Mr. Baron and does nothing except take his issue in jail. Baron comes the attorney for her husband and beseeches the judge, who is J. R. Webb, to release Mr. Baron who is in jail the pleasure of the law and his attorney. For several weeks the injured lad was confined to the county hospital and at last it was feared that his injuries would result fatally. He has completely recovered, however.

The mother as guardian has brought suit in behalf of her son, naming him as plaintiff in the action. The complaint is as follows:

"Plaintiff alleges upon his information and belief that on the 7th day of October, 1897, at and in the county of Fresno, state of California, the defendant unlawfully, willfully and maliciously, and with force and arms made an assault on this plaintiff and shot and grievously wounded him upon his person, to his great injury and damage in the sum of \$10,000."

A Significant Extension of Railroad to Randsburg.

A Los Angeles dispatch in the *Call* yesterday contained the following:

"There is a well defined idea that the Santa Fe people are pushing for an entrance to San Francisco, over the tracks of the San Joaquin Valley railroad instead of over the Southern Pacific. At present work is progressing rapidly upon a branch road from Kramer on the Santa Fe to Randsburg. The character of the work is so substantial in all lines that few people believe that so much money is being spent simply to build to a small mining camp. The impression is that the road will be continued from Randsburg to a junction with the Valley road at Bakersfield. The distance is only about 125 miles, and the grade are comparatively easy and the construction work inexpensive."

The people of this city have long dreamed of a line to San Francisco other than the Southern Pacific, and the only place that said Crispus can be had is at the rear of Old Postoffice Building, entrance on Mariposa street. Beware of said imitations, look for Fresno Crispus Co. label.

Fresno Crispus Co.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bruno Quinine Tablets, Baker & Colson refund the money if it fails to cure. 25¢.

Gum and Bicycle Repairing at Thompson's.

COMTESSE DE CASTIGLIONE.

Once the Greatest Beauty in France. Now Old, Ugly and Despised.

Fatal Accident to a Woodchopper in the Kings River Bottom Yesterday.

John Dickman, a woodchopper, was found crushed to death beneath a large tree that had fallen with his own hands in the Kings River bottom near Centerville yesterday morning. He was in the employ of Dorey & Parker of this city. Dickman was alone when he was killed and the exact time of the accident that resulted fatally will never be known.

The deceased was engaged in cutting down a large oak tree for the purpose of making an estimate on clearing a piece of land for Dorey & Parker. He had dug down around the roots and cut them off, and before he could get out of the way the tree came down upon him crushing his body in a horrible manner. No one will ever know how long he survived his injuries and if he was not killed instantly, imprisoned as he was beneath the tree, his sufferings were terrible.

Dickman was an experienced woodman and his friends are at a loss to account for his being killed in such a manner. About forty men are engaged in cutting down wood, and rarely an accident occurs to the most inexperienced.

John Dickman was a member of the Hermann Sons and will be buried under the auspices of that order. He was a German and about 40 years of age. His reputation for industry and honesty was good.

Last evening Coroner Long and a representative from the undertaking parlor of Stephens & Bean went to Glendale, and an inquest was held to ascertain the facts in the case. The remains were brought to Fresno for burial.

The county ordinance further provides: "Any person, firm, corporation, club or association, in whom such a permit has been granted, who does not conduct the business for which such permit has been granted, in a quiet, orderly and reputable manner, or who commits any breach of the peace, or disturbance of the public order or decency by any tumultuous, riotous or disorderly conduct, at the place or in the premises where said business is conducted, or who sells, gives or furnishes at said place or on said premises, any intoxicating liquor, spirituous, malt or fermented liquor or wine, or any admixture thereof, to any person in a state of intoxication, or to any person addicted to the inordinate use of intoxicating liquors, or to any person under the age of twenty-one years, or who shall allow any person under the age of twenty-one years, or any intoxicated person to be or remain at said place or upon said premises, or who shall not obey and abide by all the laws and ordinances now in force, or which may hereafter be enacted, shall forfeit such permit."

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## BIG DAMAGE SUIT

Robert Murray's Mother Brings the Action.

The Injuries Caused by Will Patterson's Gun Valued at \$10,000.

Emma Murray, mother and guardian of Robert Murray, has commenced suit against Mrs. Darwin Rees and Herbert Rees for \$10,000 damages. The action is the result of young Murray's being peppered with shot by Will Patterson on October 7th.

It will be remembered that Herbert Rees and Patterson, residing in the vineyard near the fair grounds, when a man named Dr. W. L. Doolan and young Murray were shot. Murray was on his way to visit his cousin Will Patterson, but was mistaken for a tramp. For several weeks the injured lad was confined to the county hospital and at last it was feared that his injuries would result fatally. He has completely recovered, however.

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THE SANTA FE ACTIVE.

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## THE FRESNO MORNING REPUBLICAN.

PUBLISHED BY

The Fresno Republican Publishing Company.

J. W. SMORT, EDITOR AND MANAGER.

The Great Newspaper of the San Joaquin Valley.

Largest Circulation.

The Most News.

## SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Republican, one year, by mail.....\$1.00

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Weekly Republican, one year, by mail.....52

Weekly Republican, six months, by mail.....26

Weekly Republican, three months, by mail.....13

Hanford is trying to revive its free reading room. A better thing cannot be done for the town.

Every intelligent friend of the raisin industry will fight the compensation system whenever and wherever it is in evidence.

For the first time in the history of Monroe county, Pennsylvania, on whose institutions most has been growing luxuriantly for more than a century, a Republican has been elected to an office of associate judge. This completely offsets the Tammany triumph and proves beyond question that free coinage is dead.

DURANT is cool and apparently unconcerned in the face of the news that his doom has been sealed by the court of last resort. He was cool and defiant during his trial. Nobody but a monster of abnormal nerve could have committed the crime of which he is proven guilty. It is not likely that his nerve will fail him even when he stands upon the gallows.

The report that Visalia is not giving the Valley road a fair share of her business seems incredible. Without the competing road Visalia could never have made any material advancement; now her prospects are bright for rapid development, and every increased advantage she enjoys is attributable to the Valley road. Without further evidence we must discredit the story that her conduct under the new regime is that of base ingratitude.

The Merced Sun does not agree with the REPUBLICAN in matters political, but that does not prevent it from expressing a candid and flattering opinion of this paper. The Sun says: "The Fresno REPUBLICAN, than which no better interior paper is published in California, has changed form and enlarged. It is now an eight-page paper, and each page is worth the whole price of subscription. Long may the REPUBLICAN wave, in the interests of the raisin eaters."

## THE "INTERNAL" MACHINES.

Chief of Police Lees of San Francisco has decided that the nickel-in-the-slot machines in that city must go. This does not apply to the money machines alone, but also to those machines which pay winnings in drinks and cigars. Chief Lees recently referred the matter of the legality or illegality of these machines to his legal adviser, who informed him that they were games of chance and came within the provisions of the law against illegal gambling. In support of this position Chief Lees' attorney cited section 369 of the Penal Code, which declares:

A lottery is any scheme for the disposal or distribution of property by chance, among persons who have paid or promised to pay any valuable consideration for the chance of obtaining such property or a portion of it, or for any share or any interest in such property upon any agreement, understanding, or expectation that it is to be distributed or disposed of by lot or chance, whether called a lottery, raffle or gift enterprise, or by whatever name the same may be known.

This legislation, says Lees' attorney, is in direct line with the provisions of section 26 of article 4 of the State Constitution, which provided that:

The legislature shall have no power to authorize lotteries or gift enterprises for any purpose, and shall pass laws to prohibit the sale in this state of lottery or gift enterprise tickets, or tickets in any scheme in the nature of a lottery.

That nickel-in-the-slot machines are games of chance cannot be disputed; being such they cannot escape the law, and, violating the law, those who conduct them should be prosecuted if, after due notice, they do not withdraw their machines from public use.

It is very much to be doubted if the machine that pay winnings in drinks and cigars are any better than those that pay in money. In fact a careful examination of the workings of the former would probably result in the investigator's coming to the conclusion that they are more injurious than the money machines. At all events their illegality appear to have been fully established, and it is to be hoped that our city trustees will take due action against these pernicious gambling devices at their next meeting. We are very much inclined to believe that Chief Lees' legal adviser has properly quoted the law on this subject.

The church people of Tulare are making a strong protest against the disturbance of the Sunday quiet of that town by athletic games held within the corporate limits, and the objection seems to be well founded. It seems that the grounds are located in a central part of the town, and the noise and hilarity are naturally objectionable to those who desire to observe Sunday in a religious way. No class of citizens have the right to disturb the peace of any other class, and the people of Tulare would do well to recognize the justice of the complaint which has been made. People who spend Sunday merely as a day of recreation and rest from every-day labor have no special abridgement put upon their liberty in this state, but they owe it to those who look upon the day from a different standpoint to show a decent regard for their views and their rights in the matter.

## SPECIAL ELECTION REQUIRED.

If the county refunds its bonded indebtedness the question will have to be decided favorably by the voters at a special election. A good deal is being said about postponing the question to the next general election in order to avoid the expense of a special election, but this is based upon a misinterpretation of the law. Such a course is not possible. The statutes provide that questions of incurring bonded indebtedness can only be submitted at special election.

This being the case the question resolves itself into this plain proposition: Does the saving to be made through refunding justify the expense of a special election, the result of which is uncertain? The REPUBLICAN thinks not. A very large part of the present indebtedness of \$95,000 bears 6 per cent interest. The lowest rate offered for refunding is 4½ per cent. The cost to the county of a special election would be in the neighborhood of \$2000 in the event the bonds carried. It defeated—a not improbable contingency—the total cost would fall upon the county, without any compensating benefit whatever. The expenses and the risk are too great. The conditions do not justify the Supervisors in calling a special election.

A further objection to refunding is that it involves an extension of time for the payment of the indebtedness, which is undesirable. The sooner the indebtedness is wiped out the better, and that result will be sooner attained without refunding.

When this question first came up for discussion the REPUBLICAN advised the supervisors to go slow. They have done so, and we believe they can further serve public interest by not going at all. The conditions are favorable for "letting well enough alone."

Resolutions Adopted by Manzanita Camp.

WHEREAS, The family of Neighbor C. Allison Teller was today called upon to share the bereavement consequent upon the death of one of their loved ones, and we, the neighbors of Mr. Teller in camp assembled, through feeling of sorrow and sadness, hereby extend to our neighbor and his family our most sincere sympathy, and do hereby, from a true neighborly spirit, condole with our neighbor and his family in this, their saddest hour. Therefore, be it

Resolved, That we, the members of Manzanita Camp No. 100, Woodmen of the World, do, with bowed heads and silent hearts, hereby express our deep feeling toward the family of Neighbor Teller by adopting in full the above preamble; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be printed in each of our daily newspapers, a copy thereof sent to the family of Neighbor Teller and a copy thereof spread upon our minutes,

W. H. KNAPP,  
Geo. R. ANDREWS,  
D. S. EWING,  
Committee.

Read and adopted by Manzanita Camp No. 100, Tuesday evening, November 9, 1897.

## Pure Food.

The Expositor says in its issue of yesterday that "there is little, if any, conning of raisins this year, despite the noise made about the matter." Does the afternoon paper really believe that the Farmers' Club does not know what it is talking about—that it is dealing with the question in ignorance of the facts? The efforts put forth to stop this suicidal policy have not been unavailing, but the fact is that enough of it has been done to alarm any one who has the welfare of the industry at heart.

In the opinion of the Republicans the possible saving involved in refunding the county indebtedness is not sufficient to warrant the calling of a special election. The extension of time is an objectionable feature. The sooner the county's indebtedness can be paid off the better.

The Toy Talk of the World. "I should like," said the race from the claim store, "to have seen the world a little more."

"When they carried me here, I was wrapped up tight, but they say it is really a lovely sight."

"Yes," said a little plaster bird, "that is exactly what I have heard."

"There are thousands of trees, and, oh, what a sight."

"It must be when the candles are all alight!"

The fat top rolled on his other side. "It is not in the least like that," he cried.

"Except myself and the kite and ball, None of you knows of the world at all."

"There are houses and pavements hard and red. And everything spins around," he said.

"Sometimes it goes slowly and sometimes fast. And often it stops with a bump at last."

The wooden dummy nodded his head. "I had heard the toy Mistletoe bird," he said.

The kite and the ball exchanged a smile. But they did not speak. It was not worth while.

—Katherine Pyle in St. Nicholas.

—Torchlights From California.

This is the time of year for torchlight processions. Just now the catkins or ashes in the swamps are brown and ripe, ready for the picking. Boys who wish to celebrate any event or to hold a striking imitation in some of their sledges should gather a great bundle of the catkins and store them in some dry attic. In a few weeks' time they will have grown almost dry enough to crumble off and flutter away in the wind. Now dip them in kerosene oil, and when the procession is ready to start light them all at once. They will blaze up quite suddenly and burn for a long time with a bright, flaring light much better than the ordinary tin torches. For a boy's procession there is nothing like them.—Chienco Record.

Great American Importing Tea Co., 1149 J STREET.....Fresno  
MONEY SAVING STORE.

Special Sale

This Week!

—ON—

GRANITE WARE  
AND  
TINWARE.

—AT—

H. Graff & Co.

Ask your  
Druggist  
CATARRH  
For a generous  
10 CENT  
TRAIL SIZE.  
Ely's Cream Balm  
contains no cocaine,  
mercury nor any other  
mineral or drug.  
It is quickly absorbed,  
Gives relief almost  
instantaneous.  
It is the best  
Remedy for the  
Nose & Throat.  
Alvys Inhalator  
Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the  
Sense of Taste and Smell. Full Size 6oz. & Trial  
Size 1oz. Dose 10-12 drops. Price 10c.  
Ely Bros., New York.  
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COLD IN HEAD

Good rigs at reasonable rates. Boards  
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and vehicles of all kinds for sale or ex-  
change. Horses broken single or double  
by Barney Metcalf. Telephone Red 94.

Commercial Travellers' Headquarters

A first-class restaurant in connection  
with hotel, where meals are served at all  
hours, and where you can get the best  
and cheapest accommodation in this val-  
ley. A trial is all that is necessary.

D. H. Lafferty & Son,  
Proprietors, Sanger, Cal.

Telephone Red 94.

Fireproof brick stable.

Proprietors, Sanger, Cal.

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Grand Hotel,  
SANGER, CAL.

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A first-class restaurant in connection  
with hotel, where meals are served at all  
hours, and where you can get the best  
and cheapest accommodation in this val-  
ley. A trial is all that is necessary.

D. H. Lafferty & Son,  
Proprietors, Sanger, Cal.

Telephone Red 94.

Fireproof brick stable.

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RADIN &amp; KAMP—THE WHITE FRONT STORES.

This Will Be a Great Week

—IN OUR—

## Cloak and Cape Department

We have just opened up an immense consignment of the latest novelties, secured at prices hitherto untouched, and which enables us to place before our patrons an exceptionally brilliant display of exclusive novelties at prices that are exceptionally low. The secret of our immense success in jackets and capes is that we are continually in touch with the leading European and American manufacturers, thus insuring to our customers the latest creations of the leading artists of Cloakdom.

## SUPERB OFFERINGS IN LADIES' CAPES

**\$5 00** Each. Ladies' 18-inch Vellour Plush Cape, braided and beaded, with full trimming around collar and down the front, lined with imitation black Rhodamine, full sweep, real value \$7.50.

**\$2 00** TO **\$4 50** Special assorted line of Ladies' Wool Beaver Double Capes, for trimming all round collar and upper cape, full sweep and running in length from 24 to 30 inches. These are handsome garments and very exceptional values.

**\$7 50** Each. Ladies' Plain and Braided Imported Morsay Capes, 24 inches long. Empire pluffed, and full sweep. In all the leading shades, green, black, navy blue, ox-blood and tan. These are specially good value.

**\$10** Each. Elegant Gummie Silk Velvet Vellour Cape, 27 inches long, plain cape, with double Empire back, fine Tibet for all around collar and down front, lined with heavy Rhodamine silk, very full sweep. A rare gem in our splendid collection.



**\$10 50** Each. This represents a Wonderfully Beautiful Cape in Fine Silk Velvet Vellour. 24 inches long, braided and beaded, with double pluffed Empire back, lined with silk and very full sweep. An imported garment well worth \$14. This is a trade wonder.

## STUDY THE MATERIALS.

## TRY THE FIT.

## LEARN THE PRICES.

Our new delivery of Jackets and Capes forms a wonderful array of Exclusive Novelties and Wonderful Values.

**\$12** Each. A Marvelous Cape in Genuine Silk Velvet Vellour, very full sweep, double Empire back, elegantly for trimming around collar and down the front, heavy silk Rhodamine lining. Would be good value at \$16.50.

**\$13** Each. An Imported Cape of finest all wool Kersey, a beautiful fabric, with jacket back and loose front, braided down front and back. A handsome garment. Exceedingly fine fitting for stout ladies.

BUY YOUR JACKETS FROM US AND SAVE MONEY, WHILE KEEPING IN LINE WITH THE DICTATES OF FASHION.



**\$12** Each. A Beautiful Jacket in Fine Imported Beaver, with loose back and divided skirt, a recent novelty. We have them in all the new shades, tan, braided, ox-blood braided, and navy blue, lined throughout with fancy Roman striped silk. Would sell readily for \$17.50.

**\$15** Each. A Ladies' Fly Front Jacket, 27 inches long, made of fine Imported Kersey cloth, velvet tailor collar, stylish garments in black, tan, green and new blue, lined throughout with Roman striped silk, and silk stitched raw edges. Genuine tailor-made and perfect fitting. These are \$20 goods.

Mothers, you have golden opportunities this week to clothe your girls in pretty jackets. Our range is very handsome and also Very High Class. We have them in All Wool Beavers and Imported Kerseys, sizes 14 to 20 years, in tan, navy blue, brown, new blue and ox-blood. Beautiful tailor-made garments, from \$5 to \$10 each.

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To Err is Human, But if you want a good guitar, banjo, mandolin or violin at a low price, call at C. H. King's.

Works of Art

Framed with artistic judgment by F. E. Barton, opposite Barton opera house.

## Our Children's Range

Is equally pretty and comprises all the latest styles—Empire backs and box fronts, tight backs, large collars and loose fronts. They are made in the most stylish materials and colorings, plain, braided and applique, and at prices ranging from \$2.50 to \$5.00. To thoroughly appreciate these garments you must see them. Language fails to do them justice.

## Ladies' Fur Ties

We carry in all the Collar and Collarette shapes in every leading fur in the market, and at prices ranging from \$5 to \$25.

## Our Assortment of Feather Boas

Includes every variety of style and color from \$1 to \$3.50. In CURL TIP BOAS we have a splendid assortment in all lengths from one yard down, and our prices range from \$1 to \$3.50.

Our Show Windows form a reflex of the interior display of our High-Class Novelties. To gather the LATEST IDEAS in Shades, Novelties, Designs and Finish

—VISIT—

## The White Front Stores

RADIN & KAMP,

1027, 1029 and 1031 I Street.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1897.

## THE FRESNO MORNING REPUBLICAN.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

Fresno, November 9.—Observations taken at 10 o'clock in the afternoon.

Barometer..... 30.16  
Temperature, dry bulb..... 60.16  
Temperature, wet bulb..... 48  
Humidity, percent..... 42  
Wind, N.W. miles per hour..... 2  
Maximum temperature past 24 hours..... 60  
Minimum temperature past 24 hours..... 33  
Total rainfall last 24 hours, inches..... .00  
Total rainfall for season, inches..... 1.31

Weather Forecast.

San Francisco, November 9.—Official forecast for forty-eight hours, beginning at 6 a.m., November 10.—Northern California—Fair Wednesday; foggy at night; fresh westerly wind. Southern California—Fair Wednesday; fresh westerly wind.

The REPUBLICAN may be had in San Francisco at the Palace Hotel news stand.

## LOCAL BREVITIES.

Dressed poultry at City Market. Hot drinks served at Brunton's. Wood and coal—Dorsey & Parker. Carriage trimming at Schweizer's. First-class horsebusing at Kieldene's. Photos at Rembrandt Studio, 1166 I street.

All cut flowers. Phil. G. Schubel, 930 J street.

Live and dressed poultry at the City Market.

Something brand new at Downing's—hot soda.

Hot drinks and chicken tamales at Downing's.

Get your poultry, game and fish at the City Market.

Half dried raisins cured at Kennedy's vineyard. Telephone 206—5 bells.

Cash tanks. Plow moulds 33¢ per lb. at Fresno Agricultural Works.

REPUBLICAN business office, telephone main 97. Editorial rooms, main 101.

Henry J. Hall, a native of New Jersey, died at the county hospital yesterday.

W. T. Reale is building a neat five-room cottage at the corner of Merced and N streets.

A hot time at Downing's candy factory tonight; hot beef tea, bonbon, clam juices, etc.

The ladies of the Episcopal church will give their chrysanthemum fete next Monday evening.

Supervisor Garrett will today ship the lumber for the construction of a caboose at Menden.

Hi Schell's examination on the charge of grand larceny was yesterday set for next Monday by Justice Austin.

Knights of Honor will give a select entertainment at their hall, Edgley block, Thursday evening, November 11th.

Sachs & Co. will receive a telegraphic description of the Green-Zeigler twenty-round contest this evening, 1913 Mariposa street.

The tracklayers having caught up with the graders on the Hinkord extension of the Valley road, tracklaying has stopped temporarily.

John O'Hara, charged with being drunk, pleaded guilty before Recorder Clark yesterday, and was sentenced to five days in the county jail.

Coon Crutcher, Clarence Berry, Constable Spencer and several others are planning to start from Selma today on a duck hunting trip to Tulare lake.

The Sacramento Bank has brought suit against Antonia Joseph and his wife, Maria L. Joseph, to secure judgment for \$755, alleged to be due on two notes.

The funeral services and interment of the late Joseph A. Dickel will be held at Martinez, Contra Costa county, his old home, on Friday, November 12, 1897.

John Baker, a colored man claiming to be from Fresno, was arrested in Los Angeles yesterday, charged with criminal assault upon Mrs. Belle Holly last Sunday.

William McConnell, known as "Billy the boxer," was drunk and disorderly last night in the vicinity of the Ogle house, and Policeman Henry Russell arrested him.

"Imported Fresno," showing the resources, industries and scenery of Fresno county, may be had at the Rembrandt office, 1342 Tulare street. Leatherat 705, cloth \$1.50.

If the umbrella you loaned has not been returned, replace it from the stock of H. C. Warner. Large and entirely new assortment. Notice windows Monday evening.

M. E. Dailey, superintendent of the city schools, will address the Parlor Lecture Club tomorrow. His subject will be "Civil Government in the Public Schools."

Bids for county supplies will be received by the clerk of Board of Supervisors from 2 to 2.30 p.m. on Thursday, the 11th instant, instead of Saturday, the 13th, as has been reported.

The new Baptist church at the corner of Merced and N streets is going up rapidly. It will be a neat wooden structure, but without any pretensions of ornamentation. The building will be 50x68.

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## SUIT FOR INFRINGEMENT

Eastern Raisin Seeders Will Fight.

The Carey Cox Patent Will Be Contested.

The Fresno Home Packing Company Prepared for a Strong Defense.

## THE CATHOLIC MISSION.

"The Divinity of Christ" Rev. W. Y. man's Subject Last Night.

At the mission service in the Catholic church last night, Rev. H. H. Wyman spoke as follows on "The Divinity of Christ":

"It is the teaching of the Catholic church that our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ was a divine person, that He had a divine nature and a human nature, that he was perfect God and perfect man. Before stating the proofs which we have of this great doctrine I wish to remark that Jesus Christ is considered by all men, who have carefully and tentatively studied His life, to be the greatest person who has ever appeared on the earth and to have taught the world more wisdom than it has ever learned from any other source. Now if this be so, surely His own testimony regarding Himself is of the highest importance. What is this testimony? He says, 'I and the Father are one. He that seeth the Father seeth Me also.' Before Abraham was made I am, etc."

"His disciples give the same testimony. St. Peter confessed, 'Thou art the Christ, the Son of the living God.' St. John declares that 'the Word which was in the beginning, was with God, was God.' He is the One by whom all things are made and was made flesh.'

"Even the enemies of Christ witnessed this teaching and sought to kill Him because He said God was His father. Christ could not be our Savior unless He were God, because if He were only a man His death would not be efficacious for the remission of sin."

Rev. A. M. Clark preached a discourse on the "Lessons of Death," which was listened to with great attention.

## MR. HONE REMONSTRATES

Against the Building of the Calaboose at Clovis.

C. P. Hone, postmaster, real estate and insurance agent and notary public at Clovis, has written the following letter to Supervisor Manly:

"My Dear Mr. Manly—I hear that Spot McClintic is trying to get a calaboose built here. The better class of people are against having one here, and if you have granted the privilege I wish you would reconsider it. Yours very truly, C. P. Hone."

The Board of Supervisors a few days ago, upon the request of Constable McClintic, ordered the erection of a small jail at Clovis. A petition from residents of the town had been presented asking for a calaboose, and among the signers of it was Mr. Hone.

Constable McClintic stated to a REPUBLICAN reporter yesterday that he had arrested the petitioners twice for disturbing the peace and this is the reason for his hostility towards the officer.

The Bloomers in Tulare.

The Boston Bloomer Girls played ball with the Tulare nine last Sunday and won the game, the score standing 27 to 23 in their favor. The Tulare boys were so nervous that they could hardly tell which way to run around the diamond. Five Tulare pitchers were in turn nervous, prostrated during the game and gave up in disgust, their efforts to look a smiling woman in the face and throw curves at the home plate at the same being unsuccessful.

Low Moon has petitioned the superior court to appoint a receiver for the Sun Inn theater at No. 98 China alloy, in Chinatown, pending a suit against the proprietor, Wan Lung Shue, for \$200 alleged to be due the plaintiff. Moon named Shue \$450 and took a mortgage on the paraphernalia of the Chinese theater. Shue paid all but \$200, and Moon claims he is now trying to evade paying that amount.

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## THE MORMONS.

Rev. C. A. Munn Writes About Them.

Desires to Warn the People Against the "Emissaries of Evil."

Editor REPUBLICAN:—Your paper of October 30th, containing a report of an interview between one of your reporters and the Mormon elders recently, and perhaps still, disseminating the doctrine of the Latter Day Saints in this vicinity, having reached Utah, a minister of a Christian church in that state has kindly forwarded to me a number of papers bearing upon the Mormon question. Among them is one having the title, "Why Christians Cannot Fellowship the Mormon Church," and another with the title, "Mormon Articles of Faith Explained," from which I hope it will permit me to present some extracts.

The propagation of the Mormon faith is by Rev. D. J. McMillon, D. D., one of the secretaries of the Board of Home Missions of the Presbyterian Church, who lived among the Mormons for ten years, and mingled with them in their meetings; heard them preach and teach; heard their "prophet, seer and revelator," Brigham Young, and his successors, and was thoroughly acquainted with their manner of living.

He says he writes simply to put those who read those "Articles of Faith" on guard against the most cunningly devised system in the world, and adds: "In explaining them I will quote the very words of their prophet and apostle."

The first article reads: "We believe in God, the eternal Father, and in His Son, the Christ, and in the Holy Ghost." The "Son" reads all right, but not "Ghost." Then, "The Mormons do, in the sense in which we do, in their doctrine, chapter 6, question 1—'What kind of a being is God?'" Answer—"He is in the form of a Man." Question 6—"Is God a body then?" Answer—"Yes, like unto a man's body in figure." Chapter 4, question 1—"Are there more Gods than one?" Answer—"Yes, many."

Brigham Young, a Mormon in the Tabernacle in Salt Lake City on April 10, 1882, said: "When our Father Adam came into the garden of Eden, he came into it with a celestial body, and brought Eve, one of his wives, with him. He helped to make and organize this world. He is Michael the Archangel, the Angel of Days, and about whom holy men have written and spoken. He is our Father and our God, and the only God with whom we have to do." Of his son, Jesus Christ, Brigham Young said: "I tell you that God was the father of Jesus Christ, just as I am the father of my son."

Apostle H. C. Kimball in the same Tabernacle, July 11, 1852, said: "Jesus was the son of God, and Hiram Smith was a patriarch and son of God, and I bear witness of it unto all men."

Apostle Orson Hyde, president of the Twelve Apostles, told in a sermon, October 6, 1852: "If at the marriage of Cana of Galilee, Jesus was the bridegroom and took unto him Mary, Martha and the other Mary, whom Jesus loved, it shocks not our nerves. It was not attachment and marriage between our Savior and these women, highly improper, only in the relation of husband and wife, then we have no sense of propriety."

We were it was Jesus Christ who was married, whereby He could not His Head before He was crucified. I shall say here that before the Savior died He looked upon His own natural children as we look upon ours. When Mary came to the apostle she saw two angels, and they said unto her, "Woman, why weepest thou?" She said unto them, "Because they have taken away my Lord and husband."

On Sunday, September 15, 1857, Apostle Kimball said: "On the 15th, 1857, we will let me tell you the Holy Ghost is a man; he is one of the sons of God, our Father and our God, and he is the man that stood next to Jesus Christ."

But say, "I am not as I stand by my God, not a lively, sociable and useful man; He is one of the most lovely men that ever lived."

Article 5 of their faith reads: "We believe that a man must be called of God by prophecy and by laying on of hands by those who are in authority to preach the gospel and to administer in the ordinances thereof."

Now how many of the people of Fresno and vicinity are ready to accept the teaching of men who have received their commission to preach from such blasphemers, and whose ordination came through such prophets, such priests and such apostles as those quoted above? As long articles are not needed by the editor or the readers of newspapers, it is best to close with this brief presentation. In other articles, by your permission, other phases of Mormonism will be presented in the hope of saving any who might be led astray by the base influence of these emissaries of evil.

C. A. MUNN.

Stands Good.

Our offer to sell Cable & Sun pianos from \$125 to \$195 stands good to any one. In the meantime we are selling first-class pianos at low prices and on easy terms. Call and see us.

KOHNER & CHASE Music House, Jones A. Ave., 1016 J street.

Meetings At Fowler.

A series of meetings will be held at the Christian church in Fowler commencing on Tuesday evening, November 10th. Elder Shropshire of Bedfordshire will conduct the services. He is a very talented young man, and this will be a fine opportunity of hearing the old Jerome gospel in its primitive purity.

Committee.

Help for the Homeless.

The subscriptions in raising and dried fruits for the Children's Home Finding Society is mounting with very great favor. Nearly quite all of the packers have agreed to help and a goodly number of the producers also. Mr. Daniels will call on several persons this week who will doubtless respond liberally. If it is not convenient to box or pack and mark fruits for shipment, Mr. Daniels, the grocer, will do this. Please send your gifts to Mr. Ulmer.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

The following real estate transfers were recorded yesterday:

John H. Best to Hathaway Yarrow, no corner of lots 11, 12, also 1/2 of lots of 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 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## TEMPTED AND FELL.

WALTER WYCKOFF'S EXPERIMENT AMONG THE TOILERS.

From the *Advance Sheets* of Scribner's Magazine for November—The Young Man Out of a Job Gets Intoxicated With Books.

Mr. Walter A. Wyckoff, the young Princeton graduate and man of means who undertook to solve the problem of the unemployed by actual experience as a common laborer, continues his story in the November Scribner's Magazine. An extract follows:

## FOR CHRISTIAN SERVICE.

Mr. Moody's School at East Northfield Has Many Young Women in Training.

The Northfield (Mass.) Training school is at present the youngest of the four institutions started by Mr. Moody for working men and women better.

In his correspondence with ministers complaint was continually made that trained workers in the church and Sunday schools of the cities and country towns alike were difficult to secure. It had been the theory that almost any one could teach a Sunday school class or no Sunday school visiting, but that is rapidly dying out. In order to supply the growing need for young women competent to do successful work the Northfield Training school was founded by Mr. Moody and his friends in 1890 and began its work in October in the hotel Northfield. It still occupies this building during the fall and winter months. The hotel accommodates about 100 students and is admirably adapted to such use.

The object of the school is to train Christian women to become skillful and effective workers in all forms of Christian service.

But I had fallen once, and by a sad fatality scarcely had I renewed the search, with weakened power of resistance, when I stumbled upon a fierce temptation in the form of a literary which announced in plain letters its freedom to the public until the hour of 9 in the evening.

Forgetful of my character as a workman, miserably callous to the claim of duty to find employment, if possible, and in any case to live honestly the life which I had assumed, I entered the wide open, hospitable doors and was soon lost to other thought, and even to the sense of shame, in the absorbing interest of favorite books.

In the lonely tramp across the mountains of Pike county I walked sometimes for miles with no opportunity of quenching a growing thirst, when suddenly I came upon a mountain spring that trickled from the soft rock and formed a pool in its shade, where I threw myself on the ground, and, with a glorious sense of relief, drank deeply of its cold water. The analogy is a weak one, for the physical relief and the monetary pleasure but faintly suggest the prolonged intellectual delight after two months of unfeasted thirst.

Here was an inexhaustible supply, and there were polite librarians, who responded cheerfully to your slightest wish, and, best of all, there was an inner door which disclosed a reading room, where perfect quiet reigned and comfortable chairs invited you to grateful ease, and shelves on shelves of books were free to your eager hand.

To pass from one writer to another among the volumes that lay on the table, lingering over long loved passages or dipping lightly here and there, absorbing pleasure from the very touch of the word of God and its practical use, and for this purpose the school was founded. In order that the students may be "thoroughly furnished unto every good work," courses in plain sewing, dressmaking and plain cooking are combined with the courses in Bible study. In addition to these, courses in drawing, music and physical culture have been arranged.

Miss Alice E. Bird has been the principal of the training school for several years. She is admirably adapted for this position and has done much to build it up. Bible study is the prominent feature of the training school. The aim in all the classes is to develop and deepen the spiritual life of the students and to teach them how to use the Bible in winning souls to Christ. A series of lectures on hygiene, first aid to the injured and the fundamental principles of nursing is given each week.

Students from this school have entered the following lines of work: ordained pastors of churches, superintendents and teachers in training schools and home and foreign missionaries. Others have been instrumental in the inauguration of evangelistic work in neglected country districts, the opening of churches long closed and the organization of new churches, Sunday schools and Christian Endeavor societies; others have become Young Women's Christian association workers, pastors' helpers, teachers of sewing and cooking, matrons of children's homes, or have taken up various lines of work for which the combination of Bible and industrial training has given them special fitness. New York Tribune.

Gems Found in a Sewer.

Four diamond rings worth \$1,000, owned by Mrs. Caldwell, a guest of the Strathearn Inn, Swartzburg, Ga., were recently carelessly left on a stand in the bathroom wrapped in tissue paper. A servant threw the paper in the sink. All the water pipes connected with the bathroom were torn out and examined. As a last resort the water pipe emptying into Crum creek was examined, and in a section of this pipe only a few yards from the creek the valuable were located. They were found with the water sealed tissue paper wrapped tightly around them—Chicago Tribune Herald.

Large Tax Year.

The experiment of growing tobacco at Fort Meade, Fla., which will be fully equal to the best Cuban tobacco, is likely to prove wholly successful. Two crops a year are raised, and the average under culture is larger every year. Florida Tribune Lead.

Half a Century Ago.

In 1840, when the great Harriet Martineau came to this country, she found only seven paying occupations into which women had entered. They were allowed to teach, to sew, to tend boarders and make lace; they were allowed to be factory operatives and to become bookbinders by trade.

Brief Sporting Items.

Convicts in the penitentiary at Boise, Idaho, have organized two baseball teams and are permitted to play on Saturday afternoons.

Zimmerman expects to train two months in Paris before he becomes as elated and ready to race.

Rilma, 2:10, has earned more money in races than any other animal in the light harness brigade this season, her winnings reaching over \$10,000.

Cordling, the invertebrate smiler, cycled 6:06 miles in 24 hours. Question: If he had never used tobacco, how far would he have been able to go in the same length of time? Ask The Cycling Gazette.

As I walk to my lodgings a certain fellow feeling warmly with fresh fervor for my kind, I have with my first reverse, not a serious one, but still the search for work, for the first time in my experience, has been fruitless through most of a morning. Instead of persevering industriously, I yield weakly to the desire to forget my woes.

## OUR NEW YORK LETTER.

Corporal Punishment in Schools—A Teacher Who Whips Her Boys.

The Degeneration of Variety.

Special Correspondence.

The question of corporal punishment in schools has long been a vexed one, although it is most natural of the country it has been decided that this form of correction tends to degrade the child without in any way tending to make him more mindful of the regulations which he may have violated. In fact, it has been argued that the child, especially if he is a boy and possessed of spirit, will at the earliest opportunity seek to "get even" by again violating the obnoxious rule which previously got him into trouble.

He is certain, however, to do it in such a manner that he is likely to be detected, and thus his crufulness or what might be better termed his "sternities" is developed. No one will attempt to deny that this is a "censurishment devoutly (not) to be wished," and thus the opponents of corporal punishment find another argument at hand.

As is well known, the schools of this city and Brooklyn were among the first to abolish corporal punishment, and there are at the present time very few of the large cities of the country where it is permitted at all. The average New York or Brooklyn teacher would no more think of physically chastising a boy than he or she would think of writing a resignation and directing it to the board of school commissioners. In effect such conduct would be tantamount to inviting dismissal. Still there is a school principal in Brooklyn—a woman, at that—who whips the boys in her department.

The object of the school is to train Christian women to become skillful and effective workers in all forms of Chris-



Dwight L. Moody.

than service, from the simplest in the home church to the varied demands of mission work at home or in the foreign field. The most effectual means to this end is a thorough and ready knowledge of the word of God and its practical use, and for this purpose the school was founded. In order that the students may be "thoroughly furnished unto every good work," courses in plain sewing, dressmaking and plain cooking are combined with the courses in Bible study. In addition to these, courses in drawing, music and physical culture have been arranged.

Miss Alice E. Bird has been the principal of the training school for several years. She is admirably adapted for this position and has done much to build it up. Bible study is the prominent feature of the training school. The aim in all the classes is to develop and deepen the spiritual life of the students and to teach them how to use the Bible in winning souls to Christ. A series of lectures on hygiene, first aid to the injured and the fundamental principles of nursing is given each week.

The Degeneration of Variety.

Maggie Cline, who is called by her self and a few of her admirers the "Irish nightingale," is displeased because the fact that she has not been working at her profession lately has been rather freely commented upon. She recently gave the following explanation to a friend:

"Great Scott!" said Miss Cline. "Can't a lady take a little rest without everyone making remarks about it? Every time I meet some up to me, looking surprised and say: 'Why, Maggie, why ain't you working?' I'll tell you why I'm not working. The variety public has degenerated. They've become May Lewinsky and Fay Templetonized. They've lost their appreciation of good old Irish songs. This craze for bigger songs has become a regular blight upon them. They've thrown down McGlynn in favor of 'All Gonna Look Alike to Me' and 'I Want You, My Honey.' It ain't right, and I don't like it."

Great never mind. Maggie can't be still nor her stage jewels to live on, and she can sit still and bid her time until the popular taste gets to the more whitewashed. Then the managers will be scheming for Maggie to go back to the stage again, and with them will go her—oh, with her! Miss Cline seated herself again in her chair, apathetically as though she still had her stage jewels to live on, and she can sit still and bid her time until the popular taste gets to the more whitewashed. Then the managers will be scheming for Maggie to go back to the stage again, and with them will go her—oh, with her!

The boy bandit.

Labels, 600, the key benefit of the "Book," the hero of a lurid novel, grew to a living reality in the youthful mind of Charles Webster. Infatuation associated with the beauty of fiction aroused a desire for more adventure than is incident to the position of office boy with a master. Securing a half a dozen or so of the "Book" in the store of a second-hand book dealer, he began to read it, and was soon so engrossed in it that he forgot all about his work.

He also began to copy it, and was soon so engrossed in it that he forgot all about his work.

The boy was so small that a policeman lifted him above the batch, and that magistrate Cornell could see him in the Harlem police court.

"Yes, I am guilty," said the boy. "Now do you want me?" he hissed in true Black Bill fashion.

He was turned over to the Garry go-

Notice of Sale of Real Estate Under Execution.

J. L. RUMM, vs. ANASTASIA YANOFF, Sheriff, Plaintiff in Error.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED ON the 10th of the instant, court of the city and county of San Francisco, state of California, wherein J. L. Rumm, plaintiff in error, obtained a judgment the 12th day of October, A. D. 1897, for the sum of four hundred and sixty-five and 10-10 dollars, United States money, to be paid on the 10th day of November, 1897, and thereafter, to the plaintiff in error, the sum of one thousand dollars, to be paid on the 10th day of December, 1897, and thereafter, to the plaintiff in error, the sum of one thousand dollars, to be paid on the 10th day of January, 1898, and thereafter, to the plaintiff in error, the sum of one thousand dollars, to be paid on the 10th day of February, 1898, and thereafter, to the plaintiff in error, the sum of one thousand dollars, to be paid on the 10th day of March, 1898, and thereafter, to the plaintiff in error, the sum of one thousand dollars, to be paid on the 10th day of April, 1898, and thereafter, to the plaintiff in error, the sum of one thousand dollars, to be paid on the 10th day of May, 1898, and thereafter, to the plaintiff in error, the sum of one thousand dollars, to be paid on the 10th day of June, 1898, and thereafter, to the plaintiff in error, the sum of one thousand dollars, to be paid on the 10th day of July, 1898, and thereafter, to the plaintiff in error, the sum of one thousand dollars, to be paid on the 10th day of August, 1898, and thereafter, to the plaintiff in error, the sum of one thousand dollars, to be paid on the 10th day of September, 1898, and thereafter, to the plaintiff in error, the sum of one thousand dollars, to be paid on the 10th day of October, 1898, and thereafter, to the plaintiff in error, the sum of one thousand dollars, to be paid on the 10th day of November, 1898, and thereafter, to the plaintiff in error, the sum of one thousand dollars, to be paid on the 10th day of December, 1898, and thereafter, to the plaintiff in error, the sum of one thousand dollars, to be paid on the 10th day of January, 1899, and thereafter, to the plaintiff in error, the sum of one thousand dollars, to be paid on the 10th day of February, 1899, and thereafter, to the plaintiff in error, the sum of 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# SPECIAL PRICES

On Dress Goods and Ladies' Capes and Jackets. Prices and qualities that speak for themselves. No economical person can afford to overlook these bargain events:

## Dress Goods.

Our new fall Dress Goods are selling rapidly. As these goods were all bought before the new tariff went into effect we are able to quote you prices 25 to 33% per cent under present market valuations. We invite you here to look or to buy, to compare, criticize or comment.

## AT 35¢ THE YARD.

We offer a 50-cent quality all wool suiting, in new fall shades, as a trade winner, we've marked the line at 35¢ the yard for this week only.

## AT 50¢ THE YARD.

A new Mohair Novelty, dainty shadings on black grounds; one of the sweetest styles of the season. Actual value at 75¢ the yard. Special price 50¢ a yard for this week.

## AT 55¢ THE YARD.

All Wool Mixtures. A variety of new patterns to select from. Sold elsewhere at 40¢ a yard. An extraordinary value at 55¢ a yard for this week.

## AT 55¢ A YARD.

Illuminated Worsted Dress Goods, worth 55¢ a yard. Special price 55¢ a yard for this week.

## AT 20¢ THE YARD.

Scotch Plaids in new color creations. Sold elsewhere as a bargain at 35¢ a yard. On sale this week at 20¢ a yard.

## AT 12½¢.

Worsted Dress Goods, regular price 20¢, this week at 12½¢ a yard.

## LADIES' WOOL UNDERSKIRTS.

Full width; elegant winter garment. A dollar article offered this week for 50¢.

## LADIES' DRESS SKIRTS.

Perfect fitting, elegant shape, worth \$2.50, on sale this week at \$1.50.

## A Snap in Towels.

Over eight thousand Huck Towels, bought at sacrifice from the maker, good heavy huck, fringed, fine woven, colored borders, very absorbent, free from imperfections. A lot of towels that wipe and wear and give satisfaction. Money back if not right.

16x29 inches.....75¢ each  
17x23½ inches.....12½¢ each  
19x24½ inches.....15¢ each  
20x24 inches.....20¢ each  
23x26 inches.....25¢ each

## Capes and Jackets.

We've secured the markets of the entire country. We've selected Wraps of worth and reliability made by makers of all, style and unequalled workmanship. Our low prices, coupled with high qualities, plainly demonstrate our leadership in this department.

### LADIES' JACKETS.

Made of navy blue Kersey, brindled front, lined. Excellent \$12 value. This week for \$7.45.

### LADIES' JACKETS.

Made of genuine English Melton, fly front, high collar, stitching down the front. A modest jacket, yet full of style. Regular \$6 quality; special this week at \$3.95.

### LADIES' DOUBLE CAPES.

All-Fur trimming around collar and down the front. Worth every cent of \$4. Price this week \$2.

We offer an elegant line of

### ENGLISH BEAVER CAPES.

Made with velvet collars, full sweep. You can find the same garment in other stores at \$2.50. You can buy them at Redlick's for \$1.50.

### PLUSH CAPES.

Collar and front edged with Thibet fur, headed and braided, silk lined. All-silk plush, guaranteed not to turn color. Regular \$8.50 value; price this week, \$5.

### WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKER (well-established preferred); 1917 Market street.

WANTED—A GIRL ABOUT 12 OR 14 YEARS OLD, MATURED, 50 to 55 lbs., to help in the kitchen, wash, clean, etc. Address Mrs. F. C. Jones, 1917 Market street, corner of Q and Taylor streets.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A COMPETENT WOMAN TO TAKE CARE OF A BOARD HOME. Address Dry Goods, Republican office.

WANTED—LADY OF NEAT APPEARANCE, \$1 per day. Address Clara M. Smith, Fresno, Cal.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 1717 J street.

WANTED—MAN AND WIFE OR TWO MEN AND WOMEN WITH \$100 TO TAKE CARE OF A BOARD HOME; no risk. Address G. L. Jones, 1917 Market street.

WANTED—MEN FOR BAW MILLS, FIVE RIDGE and Sequoia. Apply J. H. House, stage stable, Fresno street, 1917.

All Silk Satin Gros-Grain. Special prices this week:

No. 5 at.....	5¢ yard
No. 7 at.....	7¢ yard
No. 9 at.....	8½¢ yard
No. 12 at.....	10¢ yard
No. 15 at.....	12½¢ yard
No. 22 at.....	15¢ yard

## Alarm Clocks.

A big invoice of over eight hundred Fine Nickel Plated Alarm Clocks, Run 20 hours without winding. Regular price \$1.50. Special this week 50¢.

The second bidder will be expected to pay a sum equal to the first and to divide the remaining unpaid portion by first proportion upon the crops to be produced upon his premises. E. M. CHITTENDEN, Agent.

Planted in 1906 to ripen up to October 1, on the 15th day of November, 1907, at 1000 feet elevation, eight miles out Rutherford Avenue, on Rancheria Avenue.

220 ACRES—Pasture land, water and oil well, and a fine house, 1000 feet elevation, 1000 feet from the Rancheria Avenue, well improved, and on N. Rancheria, known as the Gillette Ranch, in the rear of the house, well suited for residence or business purposes.

These properties will be sold cheap in order to close out an estate. Apply to M. E. & John Redlick, 1917 Market Street.

FOR SALE—FRESH EGGS; FATHER & SON, and another registered; 1000 reasonable. Address Box 155, Fresno, P. O.

FOR SALE—100 TONS PUMICE, \$1.50 per ton. Cut's earliest, eight miles out Rutherford Avenue, or inquire 220 Blackstone Avenue.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—FOUR LOTS 100x100, 3x700 feet house and room house, in 1000 feet elevation, 1000 feet from the Rancheria Avenue.

FOR SALE—20 ACRES, SIX MILES EAST of Fresno, well improved, house and barn, water, 1000 feet elevation, 1000 feet from the Rancheria Avenue.

FOR SALE—SIX YEAR OLD VINEYARD OF 1000 FEET ELEVATION, 1000 FEET, good and healthy, 1000 feet elevation, 1000 feet from the Rancheria Avenue.

FOR SALE—THREE COPPER MINES IN 1000 feet elevation, 1000 feet elevation, good timber and water, can mine 1000 feet elevation, 1000 feet from the Rancheria Avenue.

FOR SALE—MUSCAT GRAPES, APPLY AT Marguerite vineyard, to George P. Borzetti, 1917 Market street.

FOR SALE—THREE HORSES WAGON. Address O. S. Box 23, this office.

FOR SALE—TO RENT OR LEASE A GOOD MUSICAL INSTRUMENT FOR USE AT THE MAMMOTH STORES.

1126, 1128, 1130 and 1132 I Street.

TO EXCHANGE—FOR CITY OR BRIDGEHORN PROPERTY, 1000 feet elevation, full water rights, 1000 feet elevation, 1000 feet from the Rancheria Avenue.

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